

Today's Live New Mexico News

WOOL MARKET GOES ON FIRMER BASIS IN BOSTON

Rumors in Wool Trading Circles of Another Boom and Dealers Begin to Grow Anxious.

The Boston Commercial Bulletin discussing last week's trading in wool and wool market conditions throughout the world, says in part:

The market is stronger. Manufacturers who go looking for concessions today do not find them. So far as the Boston market is concerned, there has been no general advance in prices but the tendency is upward and in some instances prices are a bit higher. When one turns to the foreign markets, he finds that values are still on the upward trend and if good wools are wanted—and they are wanted today very keenly—it is necessary to pay the price.

Above the street, one continues to hear discussion as to whether another boom is in the embryonic stages or on the other hand, whether it is safe to operate with prices on the present high level. These questions are about as hard to answer as the frequent query as to what will happen to prices and manufacturing plants when the war is ended. However, two things are pretty certain. In the first place, the rest of the world is obliged to buy its wool about as far ahead of its use as is the United States and the rest of the world thinks well of wool (at any rate of good wool).

In the second place, the large American manufacturers appear to believe in wool pretty thoroughly. If buying demonstration of the past two weeks is any criterion.

Buying in the local market this week has not been of such large proportions as was the case a week ago although there has doubtless been a good five million pounds. The trading has been fairly well distributed among the various houses along the street and has also been fairly well diversified. What has been especially satisfactory to the dealers has been the further demand for territory wools. The opinion is generally held in the trade that more territory wool might have been sold had dealers been willing to accept the offers but with the feeling that the market is coming their way dealers are disposed to advance prices rather than shade them, in order, if possible, to get a profit out of their high cost stocks.

Domestic Wools.

Sales of domestic wool, largely territory, have been of good proportions again this week, some dealers reporting a very respectable trade in them. Fleecy wools are in demand but only in a moderate way and in view of the high prices prevailing, for certain crossbreds it is not a little surprising that more sales of medium fleeces are not reported, although it may be submitted that there are no considerable stocks of them in the market.

The demand for territory wool has broadened this week and almost everything in the way of a territory wool has been in request. Sales might have been made more freely but for the fact that asking prices were so

Our Best Seller.

We are selling more of Merit Remedy than all the others put together. This large sale is due to the fact that it is a preparation of unusual merit made expressly for our purpose, economy in its various forms. If you are afflicted with this disease, do not delay using Merit Remedy Remedy. Prices, \$6.00 and \$10.00, O'Dwyer Drug Co., exclusive agency.

SANTA FE LAND OFFICE HAS 243 ENTRIES IN OCTOBER

Santa Fe, N. M., Nov. 8.—The local United States land office had a total of 243 long entries during October, aggregating 46,405 acres. The classification as to number of entries, class and acreage of each is as follows:

22 homestead, total 462.84, \$150.
12 homestead, final net June 6, 1912, \$684.73, \$36; 7 homestead, final net February 19, 1909, \$39.88, \$37.50; 2 homestead, final, net of 1909 and 1912, \$83.15; 1 homestead, final, net of 1906, \$16.16; 1 homestead, final, net, 1906 and 1912, \$6, \$1.00; 2 desert land, \$36.50, \$156.55; 4 stock holding claim, \$601.20; 1 isolated tract, commuted, \$23.79, \$357.72; 1 road entry, commuted, \$6, \$800; 1 homestead, amended, \$20, \$2.50; 1 D. L. relief, net March 1, 1915, \$10.85; 1 state selection for schools, \$124.00; \$27; 117 homestead original, net February 19, 1909, \$7021.15, \$1,166.62; 7 homestead, original net 1806, \$164.40; \$123.58; 39 homestead, original, \$173.46; \$635.50; 1 mineral, \$6.00; \$10.

STATE SENATOR PAGE IN CRITICAL STATE FROM TYPHOID FEVER

Gallup, N. M., Nov. 9.—The condition of State Senator Gregory Page who is one of the victims of the typhoid epidemic here, shows no improvement today and his recovery is regarded as problematical. Senator Page was improved last week but suffered a relapse. His wife has been summoned from Los Angeles where she was recently for medical treatment.

To the Wife of One Who Drinks

I have an important confidential message for you. It will come in a plain envelope. How to conquer the borer habit in 3 days and make him happy. Wonderful home healing remedies—inspirational White Oil, J. Woods, 1592 1/2 Station Y, New York, N. Y. Show this to others.

Looking for a job? Try a Herald Want Ad.

Don't use harsh physics. The reaction weakens the bowels, leads to chronic constipation. Get your Regulates. They operate easily, the all stores.

Looking for a job? Try a Herald Want Ad.

State National Bank

Albuquerque, N. M.

Corner Second Street and Central Avenue

United States Depository Santa Fe Railway Depository

Orchard Information

BUYING YOUNG FRUIT TREES

Orchardist Should Patronize Reputable Nurseryman and Be Willing to Pay Good Price.

By H. A. MOONEY, Colorado Agricultural Extension Agent.

In ordering fruit trees to be planted this spring, the buyer should give due consideration to the following points:

Order trees from a reputable nurseryman, paying a good price for same, instead of securing them from some agent who has no reputation to maintain. The latter individual may sell his trees at reduced prices, but the chances are the buyer will not get what he orders.

Send in the order early, so that the nurseryman will have time to pack and ship the trees before the spring rush. This is necessary in order that the buyer may receive his trees in time to set them out early.

In selecting varieties, it should be remembered that three or four well-tried sorts of each fruit are better than a large number of varieties, especially if the fruit is to be marketed. If wanted for home use, a larger number may be chosen. New and untried varieties are usually to be avoided.

As a rule, it is best to buy one-year-old trees. Older trees are very often stunted and misshapen on account of close planting in the nursery row, while yearling trees usually consist of a straight switch with live buds down to the ground. Such trees may be headed as high or as low as desired, which is not always possible with the older trees.

There has been a need of a location removed from the city limits and the property selected will serve the purpose of the incubation in a better capacity than the present location.

An appropriation of \$25,000 was voted by the last legislature for the purchase of the property and construction of the buildings. This sum will enable the directors to furnish the institution with adequate buildings and lands.

DON'T SCOLD, MOTHER! THE CROSS CHILD IS BILIOUS, FEVERISH

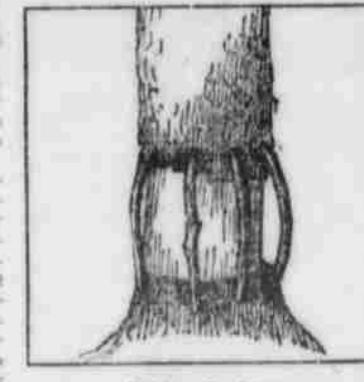
Look at tongue! If coated, clean little stomach, liver, bowels.

Don't scold your fretful, peevish child. See if tongue is coated, this is a sure sign its little stomach, liver and bowels are clogged with sour waste.

When breath, pale, feverish, full of cold, breath bad, throat sore, doesn't eat, sleep or act naturally, has stomach-ache, indigestion, diarrhea, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul waste, the sour bile and fermenting food passes out of the bowels and you have a well and playful child again.

Children have this hardness "from laziness," and mothers can rest easy after giving it, because it never fails to make their little "lazies" clean and sweet.

Keep it handy, Mother! A little given today saves a sick child tomorrow, but get the genuine. Ask your druggist for a largest bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Remember there are counterfeits sold here, so surely look and see that yours is made by the California Fig Syrup Company. Hand back with confidence and other the score.



Bridge Grafting.

the scions and the wounds with cloth to keep the tree structure from dying out.

STICK TO PROVED METHODS

Should Be Cut Back About One-Half of Not Control Insects and Diseases, Say Experts.

The idea that certain chemicals placed in the body of a fruit tree will get rid of insects and diseases seems to be prevalent among the folks who do not read, says Denver Field and Farm. Several people have recently reported to us that this could be done but there is nothing in it and the contention is not borne out by scientific facts. Experiments made to determine the effectiveness of this method or controlling insects and diseases have been absolutely negative. Those who say they have had success with such remedies have not been people well informed in plant physiology and plant structure and have not conducted intelligent and scientific tests to prove their side of the case. The probabilities are that nothing aided their trees in the first place. We would advise our readers to leave such cures alone and stick to the well established and proven methods.

SPRAY FOR SAN JOSE SCALE

Dormant Trees Should Be Treated in Fall and Again in Early Spring—Burn All Prunings.

If the trees are infected with the San Jose scale they should be sprayed while dormant, once if lightly infected, but if badly infected, twice—once in the late fall or early winter and again in the early spring just before the trees start growth. Trees in foliage cannot be sprayed with winter strength sprays, for a spray strong enough to kill the scale readily, will injure the foliage of the trees. If the trees are to be pruned, it is advisable to prune the trees before spraying, as the pruning will reduce the surface to be covered with the spray and the spray mixture will go farther. Be careful to burn all the prunings so as to destroy the scale on them.

Don't use harsh physics. The reaction weakens the bowels, leads to chronic constipation. Get your Regulates. They operate easily, the all stores.

Looking for a job? Try a Herald Want Ad.

HEALTHY INCREASE SHOWN IN ALL STATE CROPS

Department of Agriculture's Report on New Mexico Conditions November 1st Up to the National Standard.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 8.—A summary of preliminary estimates of crop production and prices for the state of New Mexico and for the United States, compiled by the Bureau of Crop Estimates (and transmitted through the weather bureau) United States department of agriculture, is as follows:

Corn.

State—Estimate this year, 2,820,000 bushels; final estimate last year, 1,776,000; price November 1 to producers, \$7.00 per bushel; year ago, \$7.00.

United States—Estimate this year, 1,002,000,000 bushels; final estimate last year, 827,800,000; November 1 price, \$1.90; year ago, 20.00.

Wheat.

State—Estimate this year, 2,020,000 bushels; final estimate last year, 1,588,000; price November 1 to producers, \$1.00 per bushel; year ago, \$1.00.

United States—Estimate this year, 1,002,000,000 bushels; final estimate last year, \$81,000,000; November 1 price, \$0.31; year ago, 57.00.

Oats.

State—Estimate this year, 2,160,000 bushels; final estimate last year, 1,778,000; price November 1 to producers, \$0.31 per bushel; year ago, \$0.31.

United States—Estimate this year, 1,517,000,000 bushels; final estimate last year, 1,141,000,000; November 1 price, \$0.34; year ago, 42.00.

Potatoes.

State—Estimate this year, 945,000 bushels; final estimate last year, 866,000; price November 1 to producers, \$0.60 per bushel; year ago, \$0.60.

United States—Estimate this year, 559,000,000 bushels; final estimate last year, 455,000,000; November 1 price, \$0.50; year ago, 52.00.

Apples.

State—Estimate this year, 275,000 barrels; final estimate last year, 306,000; price October 15 to producers, \$0.60 per bushel; year ago, \$1.00.

United States—Estimate this year, 76,700,000 barrels; final last year, \$4,161,000; November 1 price, \$0.50; year ago, 52.00.

EAT WITHOUT FEAR OF INDIGESTION OR SOUR ACID STOMACH

Instant relief! 'Pape's Dipepsin' ends your stomach trouble forever.

Wonder what upset your stomach—which portion of the food did the damage to you? Well, don't bother, if your stomach is in a revolt; if sour, cases, and upset, and what you just ate has fermented into stomach lumpish bread dixie and ashes; belch mucus and acids and eructate undigested food; heart-burn, tongue coated—just take a little Pape's Dipepsin and in five minutes you wonder what became of the indigestion and distress.

Millions of men and women today know that it is needless to have a bad stomach. A little Dipepsin occasionally keeps this delicate organ regulated and they eat their favorite foods without fear.

If your stomach doesn't take care of your liberal diet without rebellion; if your food is a damage instead of a help, remember the quickest, surest, most harmless relief is Pape's Dipepsin which costs only fifty cents for a large case at drug stores. It's truly wonderful—it digests food and sets things straight, so gently and easily that it is really astonishing. Please, for your sake, don't go on and on with a weak, disordered stomach; it's unnecessary.

HIGH SCHOOL ORATORS WILL COMPETE TONIGHT

The contest which will determine who will represent the Albuquerque high school in the coming high school oratorical competition during the state teachers' convention, will take place tonight at the high school auditorium.

Those who will take part are Maxine Ferguson, Thomas Calkins, Ollie Wood, Miss Bertha Bassett and Gilbert Espinoza.

The program will be as follows:

Poem of Love Selected Poems High School Orchestra

1. A Message From Yesterday.

2. The Land of the Montezumas.

3. Trade Opportunities in Latin America.

Violin Solo Selected Miss Lorraine Lester

4. The Pan-American Union.

5. New Mexico at San Diego.

Show Maiden Lorraine Lester High School Orchestra.

Decision of the judges.

Music under the direction of Miss Jessie L. Trotti, supervisor of music in the Albuquerque public schools.

WOMEN SHOULD TAKE WARNING

If the statement made at a New York assembly of women, that healthy American women are so rare that they are almost extinct, is true, it is time for the women of America to take warning and look to their health. It may be headaches, backaches, dragging down pains, nervousness, mental depression that are tell-tale symptoms of some organic derangement for which Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—a simple remedy made from roots and herbs—is a specific and may be relied upon to restore women to a healthy normal condition.

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OCTOBER ANOTHER GREAT MONTH FOR AMERICAN MINES

The month of October is generally a lean month in point of dividend payments of American mines and works, yet forty-one companies made distributions during the month to exclude coal mining nor the so-called industrial. None does it include the securities-holding corporations owning stock in American mines and works.

According to reports made in 1915,

Engineering & Mining Co. dividends were paid during the ten months of 1915, totaling \$73,025,634, with 130 companies contributing. Dividends made by these companies since incorporation total \$37,587,822. The combined issued capital of these companies is \$741,761,253, a return of 222,557 in excess of capital. The dividends exceed those of 1914 by approximately \$7,000,000.

The copper had a slightly better 10-month period in 1915 than in 1914, for thirty companies made dividend payments to their credit in 1915 of \$23,161,453 as against \$22,559,183 by twenty-five companies in 1914. Since incorporation these companies paying dividends in 1915 have totalled \$123,822,227. Excess issued capital is \$88,388,829, which is \$213,822,227 in excess of capital.

Seventy-seven companies, classified as gold-silver-lead-zinc producers, made distributions during the ten months of 1915 total \$10,369,815, an increase of \$5,514,122 over 1914. Total payment of these companies amounts to \$124,522,362.

Fifty-one of the above companies operate properties